UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF
UNIVERSITY PROFESSORS., et al.

Plaintiffs,

v.

MARCO RUBIO, et al.,

Defendants.

No. 1:25-CV-10685

DECLARATION OF ANDRE WATSON

I, Andre Watson pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, declare under penalty of perjury as follows:

1. I am the Senior Official within the National Security Division (NSD) for Homeland Security Investigations (HSI). I am a career member of the Senior Executive Service with the rank of Assistant Director. Prior to becoming the Assistant Director of NSD, I served on a detail assignment to the U.S. Department of Homeland Security in the capacity of Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary for the Countering Weapons of Mass Destruction Office. I served as the HSI Special Agent in Charge in Baltimore, M.D., Deputy Special Agent in Charge in Washington, D.C., Assistant Special Agent in Charge in Houston, T.X., and Supervisory Special Agent in Blaine, W.A. I have also previously served in Headquarters assignments as Chief of Staff to the Deputy Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE), Chief of Intelligence for the U.S. Department of Justice, International Organized Crime and Intelligence Operations Center, and various supervisory positions within NSD.

- 2. As the Senior Official within NSD, I oversee the National Security as well as Student and Exchange Visitor Programs functions in support of ICE efforts to identify, disrupt and dismantle transnational criminal enterprises and terrorist organizations that threaten the security of the United States. These efforts encompass all investigations and aspects of terrorism, special interests involving state and non-state actors, human rights violators and war criminals as well as compliance and oversight functions for over 6,900 academic institutions, 45,000 designated school officials, and over 1.2 million foreign students studying in the United States.
- 3. HSI is a component of ICE that conducts significant and complex criminal investigations into individuals and international criminal networks that violate U.S. laws. HSI focuses its efforts on combating the transnational criminal networks that pose the greatest threats to the security of the United States. HSI has more than 10,000 employees stationed in more than 235 U.S. cities and more than 50 countries worldwide. The HSI workforce is made up of special agents, criminal analysts, intelligence analysts, and support personnel who live and work in the communities they are sworn to protect and serve.
- 4. The Student and Exchange Visitor Program (SEVP), a component of HSI's National Security Division, was created in the wake of 9/11 to provide integrity to the immigration system by collecting, maintaining and analyzing information so only legitimate nonimmigrant students or exchange visitors can gain entry in the U.S. Through a database housing information pertaining to schools and students, the Student and Exchange Visitor Information System (SEVIS), SEVP manages and tracks nonimmigrants in the F, M, and J categories. To eliminate vulnerabilities related to the nonimmigrant visa program, Congress first introduced statutory language mandating the development of a program to collect data and improve tracking of foreign students in the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of (IIRIRA) of 1996. In 2001, Congress

expanded the foreign student tracking system when it enacted PATRIOT ACT, and in 2002 Congress strengthened the tracking system yet again, through the Enhanced Border Security and Visa Entry Reform Act, noting concerns with national security and emphasizing the need to carefully track student status and information. Accordingly, these laws and regulations demonstrate a clear congressional directive that ICE closely monitor foreign students and the schools in which they enroll by vigorously enforcing statutory and regulatory requirements.

- 5. I am aware of the above-captioned lawsuit. I provide this declaration based on my personal knowledge, reasonable inquiry, and information obtained from various records, systems, databases, other Department of Homeland Security (DHS) employees, and information portals maintained and relied upon by DHS in the regular course of business.
- 6. On January 29, 2025, President Trump issued Executive Order 14188, *Additional Measures to Combat Anti-Semitism* (E.O. 14188). ICE remains steadfast in its commitment to enforcing E.O. 14188 prohibiting anti-Semitism and safeguarding national security by applying existing authorities consistent with the priorities set forth in the E.O. 14188.
- 7. In applying existing authorities,, HSI Office of Intelligence proactively reviews open-source information to identify individuals within the parameters of E.O. 14188. Open-source information is defined as unclassified information that has been published or broadcast in some manner to the general public, could be lawfully seen or observed by a casual observer, is made available at a meeting open to the public, or is obtained by visiting any place or attending any event that is open to the public.
- 8. The U.S. Department of State (DOS) has broad discretion under 8 U.S.C. § 1201(i) to revoke visas and make determinations of whether an alien's present or activities in the United States would have potentially serious adverse foreign policy consequences. ICE does not make

those determinations. Upon notification of DOS determination, ICE may take subsequent enforcement actions such as placing the alien in removal proceedings under the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA). HSI's Counter Threat Lead Development Unit (CTLD) is specifically responsible for analyzing alien nonimmigrant status violators, lawfully admitted to the United States, who violate the terms of their admission and pose a threat to national security, public safety and/or are involved in criminal activity for field referral and further investigation. Since 2003, the National Security Division has overseen this mission. Currently, CTLD receives over one million alien violator records each year, primarily from U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) Arrival and Departure Information System (ADIS), as well as from SEVIS. CTLD generates viable, investigative leads on nonimmigrant overstays with national security and public safety concerns and/or criminal activity to HSI field offices for further action. CTLD may also provide information to DOS for possible visa revocation if appropriate. .

- 9. Procedurally, once DOS notifies ICE of its decisions concerning whether to revoke a visa or make certain determinations that would render a alien removable, the determination is then disseminated to the local field office for additional enforcement actions against the student (e.g., issuing a Notice to Appear in removal proceedings) if appropriate.
- 10. Enforcement actions carried out against aliens within the purview of E.O.14188 occur pursuant to ICE's existing civil immigration authorities under the INA. There is no official or unofficial "ideological deportation policy." Aliens may be charged with any deportation ground under the INA supported by fact and law.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed this 11th day of April 2025.

ANDRE R WATSON Digitally signed by ANDRE R WATSON Date: 2025.04.11 18:22:22 -04'00'

Andre Watson, Assistant Director
National Security Division
Homeland Security Investigations
U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement
U.S. Department of Homeland Security